

# **W1: Dallas' 1-wire bus**

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# W1: Dallas' 1-wire bus

by David Fries

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# **Chapter 1. W1 API internal to the kernel**

## **W1 API internal to the kernel**

**drivers/w1/w1.h**

W1 core functions.

## Name

struct w1\_reg\_num — broken out slave device id

## Synopsis

```
struct w1_reg_num {
    #if defined(__LITTLE_ENDIAN_BITFIELD)
        __u64 family:8;
        __u64 id:48;
        __u64 crc:8;
    #elif defined(__BIG_ENDIAN_BITFIELD)
        __u64 crc:8;
        __u64 id:48;
        __u64 family:8;
    #else
        #error "Please fix <asm/byteorder.h>"
    #endif
};
```

## Members

|        |                                           |
|--------|-------------------------------------------|
| family | identifies the type of device             |
| id     | along with family is the unique device id |
| crc    | checksum of the other bytes               |
| crc    | checksum of the other bytes               |
| id     | along with family is the unique device id |
| family | identifies the type of device             |

## Name

struct w1\_slave — holds a single slave device on the bus

## Synopsis

```
struct w1_slave {
    struct module * owner;
    unsigned char name[W1_MAXNAMELEN];
    struct list_head w1_slave_entry;
    struct w1_reg_num reg_num;
    atomic_t refcnt;
    int ttl;
    unsigned long flags;
    struct w1_master * master;
    struct w1_family * family;
    void * family_data;
    struct device dev;
};
```

## Members

|                     |                                                          |
|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| owner               | Points to the one wire “wire” kernel module.             |
| name[W1_MAXNAMELEN] | Device id is ascii.                                      |
| w1_slave_entry      | data for the linked list                                 |
| reg_num             | the slave id in binary                                   |
| refcnt              | reference count, delete when 0                           |
| ttl                 | decrement per search this slave isn't found, deatch at 0 |
| flags               | bit flags for W1_SLAVE_ACTIVE W1_SLAVE_DETACH            |
| master              | bus which this slave is on                               |
| family              | module for device family type                            |
| family_data         | pointer for use by the family module                     |
| dev                 | kernel device identifier                                 |

## Name

struct w1\_bus\_master — operations available on a bus master

## Synopsis

```
struct w1_bus_master {
    void * data;
    u8 (* read_bit) (void *);
    void (* write_bit) (void *, u8);
    u8 (* touch_bit) (void *, u8);
    u8 (* read_byte) (void *);
    void (* write_byte) (void *, u8);
    u8 (* read_block) (void *, u8 *, int);
    void (* write_block) (void *, const u8 *, int);
    u8 (* triplet) (void *, u8);
    u8 (* reset_bus) (void *);
    u8 (* set_pullup) (void *, int);
    void (* search) (void *, struct w1_master *, u8, w1_slave_found_callback);
};
```

## Members

|             |                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| data        | the first parameter in all the functions below                                                                                                                                            |
| read_bit    | Sample the line level <i>return</i> the level read (0 or 1)                                                                                                                               |
| write_bit   | Sets the line level                                                                                                                                                                       |
| touch_bit   | the lowest-level function for devices that really support the 1-wire protocol.<br>touch_bit(0) = write-0 cycle touch_bit(1) = write-1 / read cycle <i>return</i> the bit read<br>(0 or 1) |
| read_byte   | Reads a bytes. Same as 8 touch_bit(1) calls. <i>return</i> the byte read                                                                                                                  |
| write_byte  | Writes a byte. Same as 8 touch_bit(x) calls.                                                                                                                                              |
| read_block  | Same as a series of read_byte calls <i>return</i> the number of bytes read                                                                                                                |
| write_block | Same as a series of write_byte calls                                                                                                                                                      |
| triplet     | Combines two reads and a smart write for ROM searches <i>return</i> bit0=Id<br>bit1=comp_id bit2=dir_taken                                                                                |
| reset_bus   | long write-0 with a read for the presence pulse detection <i>return</i> -1=Error, 0=Device<br>present, 1=No device present                                                                |
| set_pullup  | Put out a strong pull-up pulse of the specified duration. <i>return</i> -1=Error, 0=completed                                                                                             |
| search      | Really nice hardware can handles the different types of ROM search w1_master*<br>is passed to the slave found callback. u8 is search_type, W1_SEARCH or<br>W1_ALARM_SEARCH                |

## Note

read\_bit and write\_bit are very low level functions and should only be used with hardware that doesn't really support 1-wire operations, like a parallel/serial port. Either define read\_bit and write\_bit OR define, at minimum, touch\_bit and reset\_bus.

## Name

enum w1\_master\_flags — bitfields used in w1\_master.flags

## Synopsis

```
enum w1_master_flags {  
    W1_ABORT_SEARCH,  
    W1_WARN_MAX_COUNT  
};
```

## Constants

W1\_ABORT\_SEARCH    abort searching early on shutdown

W1\_WARN\_MAX\_COUNT    limit warning when the maximum count is reached

## Name

struct w1\_master — one per bus master

## Synopsis

```
struct w1_master {
    struct list_head w1_master_entry;
    struct module * owner;
    unsigned char name[W1_MAXNAMELEN];
    struct mutex list_mutex;
    struct list_head slist;
    struct list_head async_list;
    int max_slave_count;
    int slave_count;
    unsigned long attempts;
    int slave_ttl;
    int initialized;
    u32 id;
    int search_count;
    u64 search_id;
    atomic_t refcnt;
    void * priv;
    int enable_pullup;
    int pullup_duration;
    long flags;
    struct task_struct * thread;
    struct mutex mutex;
    struct mutex bus_mutex;
    struct device_driver * driver;
    struct device dev;
    struct w1_bus_master * bus_master;
    u32 seq;
};
```

## Members

|                     |                                                  |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| w1_master_entry     | master linked list                               |
| owner               | module owner                                     |
| name[W1_MAXNAMELEN] | dynamically allocate bus name                    |
| list_mutex          | protect slist and async_list                     |
| slist               | linked list of slaves                            |
| async_list          | linked list of netlink commands to execute       |
| max_slave_count     | maximum number of slaves to search for at a time |
| slave_count         | current number of slaves known                   |
| attempts            | number of searches ran                           |

|                 |                                                   |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| slave_ttl       | number of searches before a slave is timed out    |
| initialized     | prevent init/removal race conditions              |
| id              | w1 bus number                                     |
| search_count    | number of automatic searches to run, -1 unlimited |
| search_id       | allows continuing a search                        |
| refcnt          | reference count                                   |
| priv            | private data storage                              |
| enable_pullup   | allows a strong pullup                            |
| pullup_duration | time for the next strong pullup                   |
| flags           | one of w1_master_flags                            |
| thread          | thread for bus search and netlink commands        |
| mutex           | protect most of w1_master                         |
| bus_mutex       | protect concurrent bus access                     |
| driver          | sysfs driver                                      |
| dev             | sysfs device                                      |
| bus_master      | io operations available                           |
| seq             | sequence number used for netlink broadcasts       |

## Name

struct w1\_async\_cmd — execute callback from the w1\_process kthread

## Synopsis

```
struct w1_async_cmd {
    struct list_head async_entry;
    void (* cb) (struct w1_master *dev, struct w1_async_cmd *async_cmd);
};
```

## Members

|             |                                                                         |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| async_entry | link entry                                                              |
| cb          | callback function, must list_del and destroy this list before returning |

## Description

When inserted into the w1\_master async\_list, w1\_process will execute the callback. Embed this into the structure with the command details.

## drivers/w1/w1.c

W1 core functions.

## Name

`w1_search` — Performs a ROM Search & registers any devices found.

## Synopsis

```
void w1_search (struct w1_master * dev, u8 search_type,  
w1_slave_found_callback cb);
```

## Arguments

|                    |                                                                                                 |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>dev</i>         | The master device to search                                                                     |
| <i>search_type</i> | W1_SEARCH to search all devices, or W1_ALARM_SEARCH to return only devices in the alarmed state |
| <i>cb</i>          | Function to call when a device is found                                                         |

## Description

The 1-wire search is a simple binary tree search. For each bit of the address, we read two bits and write one bit. The bit written will put to sleep all devies that don't match that bit. When the two reads differ, the direction choice is obvious. When both bits are 0, we must choose a path to take. When we can scan all 64 bits without having to choose a path, we are done.

See “Application note 187 1-wire search algorithm” at [www.maxim-ic.com](http://www.maxim-ic.com)

## Name

`w1_process_callbacks` — execute each `dev->async_list` callback entry

## Synopsis

```
int w1_process_callbacks (struct w1_master * dev);
```

## Arguments

*dev* w1\_master device

## Description

The w1 master `list_mutex` must be held.

## Return

1 if there were commands to executed 0 otherwise

## drivers/w1/w1\_family.h

Allows registering device family operations.

## Name

struct w1\_family\_ops — operations for a family type

## Synopsis

```
struct w1_family_ops {  
    int (* add_slave) (struct w1_slave *);  
    void (* remove_slave) (struct w1_slave *);  
    const struct attribute_group ** groups;  
};
```

## Members

|              |              |
|--------------|--------------|
| add_slave    | add_slave    |
| remove_slave | remove_slave |
| groups       | sysfs group  |

## Name

struct w1\_family — reference counted family structure.

## Synopsis

```
struct w1_family {  
    struct list_head family_entry;  
    u8 fid;  
    struct w1_family_ops * fops;  
    atomic_t refcnt;  
};
```

## Members

|              |                            |
|--------------|----------------------------|
| family_entry | family linked list         |
| fid          | 8 bit family identifier    |
| fops         | operations for this family |
| refcnt       | reference counter          |

## drivers/w1/w1\_family.c

Allows registering device family operations.

## Name

`w1_register_family` — register a device family driver

## Synopsis

```
int w1_register_family (struct w1_family * newf);
```

## Arguments

*newf* family to register

## Name

`w1_unregister_family` — unregister a device family driver

## Synopsis

```
void w1_unregister_family (struct w1_family * fent);
```

## Arguments

*fent* family to unregister

## drivers/w1/w1\_int.c

W1 internal initialization for master devices.

## Name

`w1_add_master_device` — registers a new master device

## Synopsis

```
int w1_add_master_device (struct w1_bus_master * master);
```

## Arguments

*master*   master bus device to register

## Name

`w1_remove_master_device` — unregister a master device

## Synopsis

```
void w1_remove_master_device (struct w1_bus_master * bm);
```

## Arguments

*bm* master bus device to remove

## drivers/w1/w1\_netlink.h

W1 external netlink API structures and commands.

## Name

enum w1\_cn\_msg\_flags — bitfield flags for struct cn\_msg.flags

## Synopsis

```
enum w1_cn_msg_flags {  
    W1_CN_BUNDLE  
};
```

## Constants

W1\_CN\_BUNDLE Request bundling replies into fewer message. Be prepared to handle multiple struct cn\_msg, struct w1\_netlink\_msg, and struct w1\_netlink\_cmd in one packet.

## Name

enum w1\_netlink\_message\_types — message type

## Synopsis

```
enum w1_netlink_message_types {  
    W1_SLAVE_ADD,  
    W1_SLAVE_REMOVE,  
    W1_MASTER_ADD,  
    W1_MASTER_REMOVE,  
    W1_MASTER_CMD,  
    W1_SLAVE_CMD,  
    W1_LIST_MASTERS  
};
```

## Constants

|                  |                                                                        |
|------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| W1_SLAVE_ADD     | notification that a slave device was added                             |
| W1_SLAVE_REMOVE  | notification that a slave device was removed                           |
| W1_MASTER_ADD    | notification that a new bus master was added                           |
| W1_MASTER_REMOVE | notification that a bus master was removed                             |
| W1_MASTER_CMD    | initiate operations on a specific master                               |
| W1_SLAVE_CMD     | sends reset, selects the slave, then does a read/write/touch operation |
| W1_LIST_MASTERS  | used to determine the bus master identifiers                           |

## Name

struct w1\_netlink\_msg — holds w1 message type, id, and result

## Synopsis

```
struct w1_netlink_msg {
    __u8 type;
    __u8 status;
    __u16 len;
    union id;
    __u8 data[0];
};
```

## Members

|         |                                                                   |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| type    | one of enum w1_netlink_message_types                              |
| status  | kernel feedback for success 0 or errno failure value              |
| len     | length of data following w1_netlink_msg                           |
| id      | union holding master bus id (msg.id) and slave device id (id[8]). |
| data[0] | start address of any following data                               |

## Description

The base message structure for w1 messages over netlink. The netlink connector data sequence is, struct nlmsghdr, struct cn\_msg, then one or more struct w1\_netlink\_msg (each with optional data).

## Name

enum w1\_commands — commands available for master or slave operations

## Synopsis

```
enum w1_commands {  
    W1_CMD_READ,  
    W1_CMD_WRITE,  
    W1_CMD_SEARCH,  
    W1_CMD_ALARM_SEARCH,  
    W1_CMD_TOUCH,  
    W1_CMD_RESET,  
    W1_CMD_SLAVE_ADD,  
    W1_CMD_SLAVE_REMOVE,  
    W1_CMD_LIST_SLAVES,  
    W1_CMD_MAX  
};
```

## Constants

|                     |                                                                                     |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| W1_CMD_READ         | read len bytes                                                                      |
| W1_CMD_WRITE        | write len bytes                                                                     |
| W1_CMD_SEARCH       | initiate a standard search, returns only the slave devices found during that search |
| W1_CMD_ALARM_SEARCH | search for devices that are currently alarming                                      |
| W1_CMD_TOUCH        | Touches a series of bytes.                                                          |
| W1_CMD_RESET        | sends a bus reset on the given master                                               |
| W1_CMD_SLAVE_ADD    | adds a slave to the given master, 8 byte slave id at data[0]                        |
| W1_CMD_SLAVE_REMOVE | Removes a slave to the given master, 8 byte slave id at data[0]                     |
| W1_CMD_LIST_SLAVES  | list of slaves registered on this master                                            |
| W1_CMD_MAX          | number of available commands                                                        |

## Name

struct w1\_netlink\_cmd — holds the command and data

## Synopsis

```
struct w1_netlink_cmd {  
    __u8 cmd;  
    __u8 res;  
    __u16 len;  
    __u8 data[0];  
};
```

## Members

|         |                                         |
|---------|-----------------------------------------|
| cmd     | one of enum w1_commands                 |
| res     | reserved                                |
| len     | length of data following w1_netlink_cmd |
| data[0] | start address of any following data     |

## Description

One or more struct w1\_netlink\_cmd is placed starting at w1\_netlink\_msg.data each with optional data.

## drivers/w1/w1\_io.c

W1 input/output.

## Name

`w1_write_8` — Writes 8 bits.

## Synopsis

```
void w1_write_8 (struct w1_master * dev, u8 byte);
```

## Arguments

*dev*    the master device

*byte*   the byte to write

## Name

`w1_read_8` — Reads 8 bits.

## Synopsis

```
u8 w1_read_8 (struct w1_master * dev);
```

## Arguments

*dev* the master device

## Return

the byte read

## Name

`w1_write_block` — Writes a series of bytes.

## Synopsis

```
void w1_write_block (struct w1_master * dev, const u8 * buf, int len);
```

## Arguments

*dev* the master device

*buf* pointer to the data to write

*len* the number of bytes to write

## Name

`w1_touch_block` — Touches a series of bytes.

## Synopsis

```
void w1_touch_block (struct w1_master * dev, u8 * buf, int len);
```

## Arguments

*dev* the master device

*buf* pointer to the data to write

*len* the number of bytes to write

## Name

`w1_read_block` — Reads a series of bytes.

## Synopsis

```
u8 w1_read_block (struct w1_master * dev, u8 * buf, int len);
```

## Arguments

*dev* the master device

*buf* pointer to the buffer to fill

*len* the number of bytes to read

## Return

the number of bytes read

## Name

`w1_reset_bus` — Issues a reset bus sequence.

## Synopsis

```
int w1_reset_bus (struct w1_master * dev);
```

## Arguments

*dev* the master device

## Return

0=Device present, 1=No device present or error

## Name

`w1_reset_select_slave` — reset and select a slave

## Synopsis

```
int w1_reset_select_slave (struct w1_slave * sl);
```

## Arguments

*sl* the slave to select

## Description

Resets the bus and then selects the slave by sending either a skip rom or a rom match. A skip rom is issued if there is only one device registered on the bus. The w1 master lock must be held.

## Return

0=success, anything else=error

## Name

`w1_reset_resume_command` — resume instead of another match ROM

## Synopsis

```
int w1_reset_resume_command (struct w1_master * dev);
```

## Arguments

*dev* the master device

## Description

When the workflow with a slave amongst many requires several successive commands a reset between each, this function is similar to doing a reset then a match ROM for the last matched ROM. The advantage being that the matched ROM step is skipped in favor of the resume command. The slave must support the command of course.

If the bus has only one slave, traditionnaly the match ROM is skipped and a “SKIP ROM” is done for efficiency. On multi-slave busses, this doesn't work of course, but the resume command is the next best thing.

The w1 master lock must be held.

## Name

`w1_next_pullup` — register for a strong pullup

## Synopsis

```
void w1_next_pullup (struct w1_master * dev, int delay);
```

## Arguments

*dev*      the master device

*delay*    time in milliseconds

## Description

Put out a strong pull-up of the specified duration after the next write operation. Not all hardware supports strong pullups. Hardware that doesn't support strong pullups will sleep for the given time after the write operation without a strong pullup. This is a one shot request for the next write, specifying zero will clear a previous request. The w1 master lock must be held.

## Return

0=success, anything else=error

## Name

`w1_touch_bit` — Generates a write-0 or write-1 cycle and samples the level.

## Synopsis

```
u8 w1_touch_bit (struct w1_master * dev, int bit);
```

## Arguments

*dev* the master device

*bit* 0 - write a 0, 1 - write a 0 read the level

## Name

`w1_write_bit` — Generates a write-0 or write-1 cycle.

## Synopsis

```
void w1_write_bit (struct w1_master * dev, int bit);
```

## Arguments

*dev* the master device

*bit* bit to write

## Description

Only call if `dev->bus_master->touch_bit` is NULL

## Name

`w1_pre_write` — pre-write operations

## Synopsis

```
void w1_pre_write (struct w1_master * dev);
```

## Arguments

*dev* the master device

## Description

Pre-write operation, currently only supporting strong pullups. Program the hardware for a strong pullup, if one has been requested and the hardware supports it.

## Name

w1\_post\_write — post-write options

## Synopsis

```
void w1_post_write (struct w1_master * dev);
```

## Arguments

*dev* the master device

## Description

Post-write operation, currently only supporting strong pullups. If a strong pullup was requested, clear it if the hardware supports them, or execute the delay otherwise, in either case clear the request.

## Name

`w1_read_bit` — Generates a write-1 cycle and samples the level.

## Synopsis

```
u8 w1_read_bit (struct w1_master * dev);
```

## Arguments

*dev* the master device

## Description

Only call if `dev->bus_master->touch_bit` is NULL

## Name

`w1_triplet` — \* Does a triplet - used for searching ROM addresses.

## Synopsis

```
u8 w1_triplet (struct w1_master * dev, int bdir);
```

## Arguments

*dev*    the master device

*bdir*   the bit to write if both `id_bit` and `comp_bit` are 0

## Return bits

bit 0 = `id_bit` bit 1 = `comp_bit` bit 2 = `dir_taken` If both bits 0 & 1 are set, the search should be restarted.

## Return

bit fields - see above