

# **GRI-909/GRI-99 Simulator Usage**

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This memorandum documents the GRI-909 simulator.

## 1 Simulator Files

```
sim/          scp.h
              sim_console.h
              sim_defs.h
              sim_fio.h
              sim_rev.h
              sim_sock.h
              sim_timer.h
              sim_tmxr.h
              scp.c
              sim_console.c
              sim_fio.c
              sim_sock.c
              sim_timer.c
              sim_tmxr.c

sim/gri/1     gri_defs.h
              gri_cpu.c
              gri_stddev.c
              gri_sys.c
```

## 2 GRI-909/GRI-99 Features

The GRI-909 is configured as follows:

device name(s)	simulates
CPU	GRI-909/GRI-99 CPU with up to 32KW of memory
HSR	S42-004 high speed reader
HSP	S42-004 high speed punch
TTI	S42-001 Teletype input
TTO	S42-002 Teletype output
RTC	real-time clock

The GRI-909 simulator implements the following unique stop conditions:

- An unimplemented operator is referenced, and register STOP\_OPR is set
- An invalid interrupt request is made

The LOAD commands has an optional argument to specify the load address:

```
LOAD <filename> {<starting address>}
```

The LOAD command loads a paper-tape bootstrap format file at the specified address. If no address is specified, loading starts at location 200. The DUMP command is not supported.

### 2.1 CPU

The only CPU options are the presence of the extended arithmetic operator and the size of main memory.

```

SET CPU GRI909      set CPU model to GRI-909
SET CPU GRI99      set CPU model to GRI-99
SET CPU AO         enable extended arithmetic operator
SET CPU EAO        disable arithmetic operator
SET CPU EAO        enable extended arithmetic operator
SET CPU NOEAO      disable extended arithmetic operator
SET CPU GPR        enable general registers
SET CPU NOGPR      disable general registers
SET CPU BSWPK      enable byte swap/pack
SET CPU NOBSWPK    disable byte swap/pack
SET CPU 4K         set memory size = 4K
SET CPU 8K         set memory size = 8K
SET CPU 12K        set memory size = 12K
SET CPU 16K        set memory size = 16K
SET CPU 20K        set memory size = 20K
SET CPU 24K        set memory size = 24K
SET CPU 28K        set memory size = 28K
SET CPU 32K        set memory size = 32K

```

If memory size is being reduced, and the memory being truncated contains non-zero data, the simulator asks for confirmation. Data in the truncated portion of memory is lost. Initial memory size is 32K. The default configuration is a GRI-909 with AO, EAO, and GPR.

CPU registers include the visible state of the processor as well as the control registers for the interrupt system.

name	size	comments
SC	15	sequence counter
AX	16	arithmetic operator input register 1
AY	16	arithmetic operator input register 2
AO	16	arithmetic operator output register
TRP	16	TRP register
MSR	16	machine status register
ISR	16	interrupt status register
BSW	16	byte swapper buffer
BPK	16	byte packer buffer
GR1..GR6	16	general registers 1 to 6
XR	16	index register (GRI-99 only)
BOV	1	bus overflow (MSR<15>)
L	1	link (MSR<14>)
FOA	2	arithmetic operator function (MSR<9:8>)
AOV	1	arithmetic overflow (MSR<0>)
IR	16	instruction register (read only)
MA	16	memory address register (read only)
SWR	16	switch register
DR	16	display register
THW	6	selects operator displayed in DR
IREQ	16	interrupt requests
ION	1	interrupts enabled
INODEF	1	interrupts not deferred
BKP	1	breakpoint request
SCQ[0:63]	15	SC prior to last jump or interrupt; most recent SC change first
STOP_OPR	1	stop on undefined operator

## 2.2 Programmed I/O Devices

### 2.2.1 S42-004 High Speed Reader (HSR)

The paper tape reader (HSR) reads data from or a disk file. The POS register specifies the number of the next data item to be read. Thus, by changing POS, the user can backspace or advance the reader.

The paper tape reader implements these registers:

name	size	comments
BUF	8	last data item processed
IRDY	1	device ready flag
IENB	1	device interrupt enable flag
POS	32	position in the input file
TIME	24	time from I/O initiation to interrupt
STOP_IOE	1	stop on I/O error

Error handling is as follows:

error	STOP_IOE	processed as
not attached	1	report error and stop
	0	out of tape
end of file	1	report error and stop
	0	out of tape
OS I/O error	x	report error and stop

### 2.2.2 S42-006 High Speed Punch (HSP)

The paper tape punch (HSP) writes data to a disk file. The POS register specifies the number of the next data item to be written. Thus, by changing POS, the user can backspace or advance the punch.

The paper tape punch implements these registers:

name	size	comments
BUF	8	last data item processed
ORDY	1	device ready flag
IENB	1	device interrupt enable flag
POS	32	position in the output file
TIME	24	time from I/O initiation to interrupt
STOP_IOE	1	stop on I/O error

Error handling is as follows:

error	STOP_IOE	processed as
not attached	1	report error and stop
	0	out of tape

OS I/O error            x            report error and stop

### 2.2.3 S42-001 Teletype Input (TTI)

The Teletype interfaces (TTI, TTO) can be set to one of four modes, KSR, 7P, 7B, or 8B:

mode	input characters	output characters
KSR	lower case converted to upper case, high-order bit set	lower case converted to upper case, high-order bit cleared, non-printing characters suppressed
7P	high-order bit cleared	high-order bit cleared, non-printing characters suppressed
7B	high-order bit cleared	high-order bit cleared
8B	no changes	no changes

The default mode is KSR.

The Teletype input (TTI) polls the console keyboard for input. It implements these registers:

name	size	comments
BUF	8	last data item processed
IRDY	1	device ready flag
IENB	1	device interrupt enable flag
POS	32	number of characters input
TIME	24	keyboard polling interval

### 2.2.4 S42-002 Teletype Output (TTO)

The Teletype output (TTO) writes to the simulator console window. It implements these registers:

name	size	comments
BUF	8	last data item processed
ORDY	1	device ready flag
IENB	1	device interrupt enable flag
POS	32	number of characters output
TIME	24	time from I/O initiation to interrupt

### 2.2.5 Real-Time Clock (RTC)

The real-time clock (CLK) implements these registers:

name	size	comments
RDY	1	device ready flag
IENB	1	interrupt enable flag
TIME	24	clock interval

The real-time clock autocalibrates; the clock interval is adjusted up or down so that the clock tracks actual elapsed time.

### 3 Symbolic Display and Input

The GRI-909 simulator implements symbolic display and input. Display is controlled by command line switches:

```
-a          display as ASCII character
-c          display as two packed ASCII characters
-m          display instruction mnemonics
```

Input parsing is controlled by the first character typed in or by command line switches:

```
' or -a      ASCII character
" or -c      two packed ASCII characters
alphabetic   instruction mnemonic
numeric      octal number
```

Instruction input uses modified GRI-909 basic assembler syntax. There are thirteen different instruction formats. Operators, functions, and tests may be octal or symbolic; jump conditions and bus operators are always symbolic. Addresses may be prefixed with #, indicating indexing (GRI-99 only).

Function out, general

```
Syntax:      FO function,operator
Function symbols:  INP, IRDY, ORDY, STRT
Example:     FO ORDY,TTO
```

Function out, named

```
Syntax:      FO{M|I|A} function
Function symbols:  M: CLL, CML, STL, HLT
                  I: ICF, ICO
                  A: ADD, AND, XOR, OR
Example:     FOA XOR
```

Sense function, general

```
Syntax:      SF operator,{NOT} tests
Test symbols:  IRDY, ORDY
Example:     SF HSR,IRDY
```

Sense function, named

```
Syntax:      SF{M|A} {NOT} tests
Test symbols:  M: POK, BOV, LNK
                  A: SOV, AOV
Example:     SFM NOT BOV
```

Register to register

```
Syntax:      RR{C} src,{bus op,}dst
Bus op symbols:  P1, L1, R1
Example:     RRC AX,P1,AY
```

Zero to register

```
Syntax:      ZR{C} {bus op,}dst
Bus op symbols:  P1, L1, R1
Example:     ZR P1,GR1
```

Register to self

```
Syntax:      RS{C} dst{,bus op}
Bus op symbols:  P1, L1, R1
```

Example: RS AX,L1

Jump unconditional or named condition

Syntax: J{U|O|N}{D} address

Example: JUD 1400

Jump conditional

Syntax: JC{D} src,cond,address

Cond symbols: NEVER,ALWAYS,ETZ,NEZ,LTZ,GEZ,LEZ,GTZ

Example: JC AX,LEZ,200

Register to memory

syntax: RM{I|D|ID} src,{bus op,}address

Bus op symbols: P1, L1, R1

Example: RMD AX,P1,1315

Zero to memory

Syntax: ZM{I|D|ID} {bus op,}address

Bus op symbols: P1, L1, R1

Example: ZM P1,5502

Memory to register

Syntax: MR{I|D|ID} address,{bus op,}dst

Bus op symbols: P1, L1, R1

Example: MRI 1405,GR6

Memory to self:

Syntax: MS{I|D|ID} address{,bus op}

Bus op symbols: P1, L1, R1

Example: MS 3333,P1